

Semi-Weekly South Kentuckian.

VOLUME X.

HOPKINSVILLE, CHRISTIAN COUNTY, KY., MARCH 9, 1888.

NUMBER 20

ISSUED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
MORNING BY
W. A. Wilgus,
PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR,
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ROYAL

THE ELEVEN GOVERNORS,
WHO, WITH FIVE APPOINTEES FROM
THEIR RESPECTIVE STATES,

Are Active Commissioners of the Centen-
nial Exposition—Brief
Sketches of Some Disting-
guished Men.

There is no better evidence required to
demonstrate the fact that the Centennial
Exposition that is to be celebrated in Cin-
cinnati, beginning July 4 and continuing
until October 27, inclusive, in honor of
the one hundredth anniversary of the settle-
ment of the northwest territory, will
be of national importance, than
the fact that the combined in-
terests of eleven sovereign states of the
union have been enlisted in the enter-
prise, and that the governors of these
states are active commissioners, with a
staff selected from their respective com-
munities, co-operate with the par-
ticular officers of the associate commis-
sion, five in number from each state, have
gone to work with zealous enthusiasm,
and the result cannot be doubted.

Herewith is presented the pictures and
brief sketches of the governors of the
states interested in the exposition. They
enclose the states of Pennsylvania, Ohio,
Indiana, Kentucky, Illinois, Michigan,
Iowa, Missouri, Tennessee, West Vir-
ginia, and Kansas.

The central figure at the Republican
convention at Harrisburg some months
ago was that of Gen. James A. Weaver.
As he stood in his remaining leg on the
platform, called by his fellow-
citizens to accept the nomination of his
party for governor of Pennsylvania,
and at the same time to receive the plaudits
of the vast assem-
bly. He is not
more than fifty
years of age, but
his services in the
army during the
civil war aged
him greatly, and
he appears much
older than he actually is. Weaver
entered the service as captain of Com-
pany H, Second Pennsylvania Infantry,
in the three months' campaign, at the end of which time he was commissioned
lieutenant colonel of the Forty-fifth
Pennsylvania Infantry. On September
4, 1862, he resigned his command to take
command of the One Hundred and
Forty-eighth regiment. At the battle of
Chancellorsville he was shot through the body,
and the wound was supposed to be fatal.
Before regaining his regiment, and just after his convalescence, he organized
and sent to the field the emergency unit
from Camp Curtis, who fought so well at the battle of Gettysburg. At Cold Harbor he was again wounded, this time
in the hip, and his gallantry in this
action was promoted to the command of
his brigade with the rank of brigadier
general. Going north soon after the
battle of Petersburg, in which he was
more wounded in the side by a piece
of shell, he remained there until the battle
of Ream's station, on August 4, 1864,
when he lost a leg. This loss obliged
him to retire from the service, when he returned to Hellefene, where he resumed
the practice of law. He married the
daughter of his law partner and pre-
ceptor in 1863. He was defeated for governor in 1882.

No one who reads the papers but re-
members the rather singular political
fight waged in Tennessee some months
ago, in which the contestants for the pos-
ition of governor of the state were two
brothers—Alfred A. and Robert L. Taylor,
the former nominated by the Republicans,
the latter by the Democrats. The
campaign was hot and lively, and from its
very nature attracted unusual attention.
The Democratic was, and his picture is
herewith appended:

"Bob," as he is familiarly called,
was at the time of the
contest, the pension agent of
that section, and by reason of this
was prevented from attending the
convention that nominated him.
He did, however, manage to get up
on the ticket as a standard bearer, and
was appointed his lieutenant
colonel, and after a year's service was
promoted colonel, and was afterward
provoost marshal of Nashville, Tenn.,
Participating in all of the battles fought
by the Twentieth army corps, he rose to
be the commander of a brigade until his
death at Puttash, Tenn., on November
17, 1864.

When Sumner was fired on in 1861,
Joseph Beaman Foraker was fifteen years
of age. His elder brother of once en-
listed, and Ben, wanted to follow him,
but was met with the disapproving words
of the mustering officer: "My boy, you
are too young." When a year had
passed until it became more difficult to secure
volunteers, Uncle Sam was not so
particular as to the age of his
soldiers, and so Ben got a chance
to carry in the regiment, which he did,
and has since been promoted to
standard bearer, ROBERT L. TAYLOR.

By the receipt of this following dispatch
from his official superior in Washington
on his promotion as a private in the Eighty-eighth
Ohio infantry. In '63, when but seventeen
years of age, he was a lieutenant
and in temporary command of his company.
At the close of the war he was mustered out at the age of
nineteen, when he began to study law,
was admitted to the bar, and at the age of
thirty-three was elevated to the
county bench of Hamilton county (Cincinnati). Defeated by Hoadley for
governor in 1883, he again ran against
Hoadley, and this time was successful by
a plurality of over seventeen thousand.

Two years later he ran for the same
place against Powell, and was again
elected. No man of his age, in all this
land, has made greater distinction, and the
chances are that the Republican
party will, in the near future, bid him
"come up higher."

Isaac P. Gray, of Indiana, a possible
candidate for vice-president, is a native
of Pennsylvania. He removed with his
family to Ohio in 1836, finally settling in
Union City, Ind., where he resided at the
time of his election as governor of Indiana.

When the war began he was reading
law, and has since then been
a lawyer, statesman or soldier. Serving
with distinction in the Mexican war,
he entered the Union army early
in 1861, with the rank of colonel, and
won distinction and the thanks of his
superiors at the battles of Fort Henry,
Corinth and Fort Donelson. At Corinth
he was seriously wounded, and his
injuries finally caused him to resign.
Returning to his home in Decatur, he re-
sumed the practice of his profession, and
his popularity with his party that he is
now serving his third term as Governor.

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In Which Cincinnati's Merchants Will
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TEACHERS IN ALL DE-
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cial Arithmetic, Book-Keeping.

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metic, etc.

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In Work the College challenges comparison
with many other first-class college or school,
and has a large number of students from all parts of the country, both
recommending the St. Louis Hall
Residence Rooms. Young ladies board with
the teacher, and the course of study is
designed for private families. Pupils enter
school on the 1st of January, 1888, and remain
until the 1st of June, 1889, paying \$100 per
month, plus one month's initial free. Tuition
free. For further particulars, catalogues,
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SEMI-WEEKLY SOUTH KENTUCKIAN

FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1888.

W. A. WILOUS, Editor and Proprietor.
T. E. BARTLEY, Associate Editor.

The weighing of the mail will not be completed before March 20th.

Small-pox has broken out in Jersey City and the residents are becoming alarmed.

Princeton is to have a new paper to be called the Caldwell Courier, and run by Mr. R. M. Wilson, who is an experienced newspaper man.

The Senate bill giving the L. & N. road the right to double-track and straighten its lines between Louisville and Lexington has passed the House.

Walter Q. Gresham, of Indiana, is spoken of as a probable candidate for the Presidency, of the Republican party, and Billy Mahone, of Virginia, as vice.

It looks bad to the girls for the government to weigh all the "males" carried on the trains without even mentioning the females, who do not object to their weight being known.

The C. B. & Q. strikers are still confident of success, but the railroad officials say they have about enough never to fill the places of the men who have gone out, and that they are getting trains moved pretty regularly.

Two boys, aged eleven and thirteen years, attempted to play the William Tell act in Boston, which came very near resulting in the instant death of the younger one. You can't convince a boy that a bullet will kill him before it is fired, even though he is educated in the States.

An Italian prima donna was silly enough to starve herself to death because she had grown too fleshy to appear on the stage. This is one of the rare cases where an actress wanted to diminish her shape presentable before the foot lights.

James B. Garfield, a son of the late President, has just completed a course in the Columbia law school in New York, and intends to begin passing examination, after which he will go to New York to meet his mother and sister Mollie on their return from Europe.

A wife at Cincinnati has just instituted suit for divorce because she caught her husband having his extramarital affair with another woman. For a citizen of Cincinnati she is entirely too sensitive. Most wives there are content with even a small portion of their husband's favors.—Interior Journal.

About three hundred thousand children are annually educated in New York City. There are about one hundred and forty school houses in the city covering an estimated area of thirty-five acres. These buildings placed side by side would reach two miles. Four thousand teachers are given employment and the annual expense of these schools is about four million dollars.

The Muhlenberg Echo mentioning a newspaper trust says:

"All papers that do not claim to have the 'biggest circulation in the country' will be crushed. Advertising will be put at the very highest notch, and free passes to everything and everywhere given its members."

Prize when the county goes antiprohibition, and lemonades are procurable with the old fashioned straws in them we will remember you.

The ministers of Louisville, hold a meeting in that city, and the question as to the advisability of condemning the Sunday papers was ably discussed. The committee having the resolution under consideration made a report and thought it best to let the matter drop, as it would only provoke discussion, and it was useless to try to regulate something that is published to distribute the news.

The press as well as the debate at Frankfort have invited attention to the railroad legislation which is now pending. We have seen criticisms of the annual report of the railroad commissioners, which do not speak well for the Commissioners. These criticisms are very explicit and show quite conclusively that the Commissioners have failed to appreciate the delicate duties they were charged to perform. It is not to the credit of these gentlemen that they have placed themselves in a position to have their acts called in question. That they should have invited public attention to acts of exorbitant prices of coal two years ago and again in their last annual report and sought to hold the transportation companies responsible, when an investigation would have placed the responsibility somewhere else, is something which the Commissioners cannot justify. Nor can they justify the complaints embodied in their annual report, which if a hearing had been given would have demonstrated the fact that no cause for such complaints existed. The Commission we are constrained to say has not accomplished a great deal of good for the State and we shall be surprised if the legislature increases its power; on the other hand we shall not be surprised to learn of the repeal of the law, and the transfer of the duties of the Commission to the Slipping Fund Commissioners. On the score of economy this would seem to be the true policy. We do not believe that the Commission is worth the people of the State the \$8,000 per annum, which it costs to maintain it.

A disclosure is about to be made in Evansville, Ind., which will necessitate the changing hands of thousands of dollars. A wealthy spirit, usually by the name of Barnes, died in that city many years ago, and after his death his will disappeared, and was never found, and the fortune passed into the hands of distant relatives. During a recent search in that city, the medium was given the secret of the lost will, which had been placed in the pocket of the dead man by an interested party and buried with him. The body was exhumed and the tomb searched, and if the missing will is found the property which has increased tenfold, will be transferred to its rightful owners.

The question as to why the newspapers publish more murders and sensations than they do business items is easily answered. It is for the same reason that the bookstores keep more novels than they do volumes of sermons. It is because the people want them. When the public begins to grab for a paper because it has a piece of business news, and to throw it aside in disgust when it only contains sensational murders and salacious scandals, then the newspapers will stop paying attention to the latter and devote its columns to the former. The newspaper business is like any other; its goods must be made marketable or there is no prospect.

Mr. Schreiber has submitted a bill for the benefit of sheriffs and other collecting officers in this Commonwealth which provides that when a sheriff or collector advances to the State the amount of taxes due on the real estate of any person, the said officer shall have and hold the right to enforce collection of said amount so advanced by him, the same as is vested in the State. This bill if passed will be a great protection to such officers, as it is frequently the case that money is advanced in the way mentioned and no return of the amount is ever made and the consequence is, the officer loses as he has no recourse on the party so accommodated.

The Henderson Journal is authority for the following: "A car load of mules were brought to the city of St. Louis on the 20th inst. and were crowded in the car and two miles were packed like sardines. At this station they were taken out, watered and fed. When the attendants attempted to drive them back into their quarters it was found the mules had become so fatigued by a good meal that they could not all be put in the car again."

A comet will be visible in the Southern horizon about the 20th of this month, and will be brightest just at the dawn of day. If any further information is desired on the subject the following from the Albany Argus will probably suffice: "The comet will cross the constellations Capricorn and Aquarius and about the first of April will be seen in the head Pegasus." This is Prof. Ross' interpretation, who has calculated an ephemeris.

The South Kentuckian is a pretty good sort of an ally to have around in a row. It comes nobly to the assistance of the New Era in every instance when there is a fight on for the good of the city and county. That's the sort of contemporary to have. There are no ties on us—New Era.

Prize when the county goes antiprohibition, and lemonades are procurable with the old fashioned straws in them we will remember you.

The ministers of Louisville, hold a meeting in that city, and the question as to the advisability of condemning the Sunday papers was ably discussed. The committee having the resolution under consideration made a report and thought it best to let the matter drop, as it would only provoke discussion, and it was useless to try to regulate something that is published to distribute the news.

Oregon will hold the first State election this year which will be held on June 5th. The State is now in the doubtful column as there have been Democratic gains lately. The State gave Blaine a majority of two thousand or more.

Judge Barr decided that Kentucky should keep the Hatfields, and an appeal to the U. S. Circuit Court will doubtless be made.

KELLY.

KELLY KY., March 2.—V. G. Fields of Marion, was here this week on business.

James H. Tyle and Miss Minnie Ryan were married the 29th at the residence of Peter Ryan.

Mrs. Celia Littleford wife of Mr. T. G. Littleford, died March 1st, aged 80 years.

Friday's South Kentuckian had a cut in it represented as a portrait of L. W. Blake; the Weekly New Era of the same date had the same cut, calling it Robert Nelson. Who's who?

Our cut is a correct picture of Blake, sent direct from St. Louis, and out favors the New Era's by long odds.—Ed.

The same issue of the New Era had a batch of items headed "Kelly Personal" and signed "Emma." Of all the people spoken of not one of them lives at Kelly, and but one near it, the rest live from two to seven miles away and but one or two in the Kelly precinct. Kelly personal indeed!

Rover.

Its Passage Improbable.

Elsewhere in this issue appears the new Tariff Bill as it is drawn up and submitted by the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee to the full committee, with a synopsis of the articles which may be imported free of duty, and placed upon the free list. The outlook for the passage of the bill is not so flattering as to warrant one in saying that it is a certainty. The reformers are well satisfied with the measure and think it will go through a whooping, while others think it is a good, weak bill, drawn in the right direction and would be much better than either of the measures previously introduced, if passed, and if it had the same Democratic majority that Mr. Morrison's bill had it would easily pass the House, but others set it down as already dead, it being further understood that there are probably thirty or more Democrats who will vote against it as it now stands.

The bill is a compromise between the numerous "tariff" bills already drawn but which met with defeat, and places a large number of articles on the free list, and reduces the tariff on comparatively few. It seems to have been the object of the men who framed it to take the tariff off of raw materials and keep it on manufactured articles. The articles in which Kentucky is most interested, coal and iron ore, remain untouched. The duty on pig iron, steel, railway bars, slabs or bars of steel, iron or steel rails, etc., is proposed to be greatly reduced, and the wool, sugar, tin plate, iron, pottery, glass, salt and lumber men from the various sections where each particular article is produced are all opposed to its passage, declaring that unless their manufacturing interests are protected that the manufacturers will be forced to close. It is estimated that if the bill in its present shape should pass that it would cut off \$50,000,000 from the customs duties. The free-traders though pleased at the idea of its introduction are in the minority and cannot entertain a hope of passing it. Should the bill pass the House, its defeat in the Senate is almost certain.

Mr. Schreiber has submitted a bill for the benefit of sheriffs and other collecting officers in this Commonwealth which provides that when a sheriff or collector advances to the State the amount of taxes due on the real estate of any person, the said officer shall have and hold the right to enforce collection of said amount so advanced by him, the same as is vested in the State. This bill if passed will be a great protection to such officers, as it is frequently the case that money is advanced in the way mentioned and no return of the amount is ever made and the consequence is, the officer loses as he has no recourse on the party so accommodated.

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SEMI-WEEKLY SOUTH KENTUCKIAN

FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1888.

TIME TABLE FOR TRAINS.

L & N. Railroad.
DEPART SOUTH—10:45 AM AND 2:45 P.M.
ARRIVE NORTH—10:30 AM AND 2:30 P.M.
ARRIVE FROM SOUTH—10:30 A.M. AND 2:30 P.M.
ARRIVE TO NORTH—10:45 AM AND 2:45 P.M.
John W. Logsdon, Hopkinsville, Ky.
POST OFFICE—West Main Street, bat. 18
and 19.
Open for letters, stamps—T. M. 10:30 A.M.
" " money orders—T. M. 10:30 A.M.
" " money transfers—T. M. 10:30 A.M.
SOUTHERN EXPRESS OFFICE,
Seventh St., near Main.
Open 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.
TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
WATSON UNION—Upstairs corner Main and
Shoreline. Mrs. Hand and Miss Park, opera-
tors.

HALF RATE LOCALS.

The following classes of local matter will be
published at half rate: notices of
suspensions, church fairs, band parades and all
similar events; calls for meetings of committees,
associations, lodges, etc. Obituaries, all over
strictly adhered to. Our space is not stocked in
trade and we cannot accept advertisements
free or full up the paper with matters of no
general interest.

SOCIALITIES.

Mrs. Tibbs, of Hallifax county, Va.,
is on a visit to her son, J. W. Tibbs.

Rev. J. C. Tate, of Clarksville,
Tenn., was in the city the first of the
week.

J. D. Coffey, of Dawson, is in the
city. He is connected with the Spiral
Spring Carpet Co.

Mrs. N. B. Shyer returned from
a week's visit to friends in Nashville,
Tuesday.

Mrs. C. F. Jarrett left yesterday
for Nashville, on a visit to her brother,
Mr. Walter McCormick.

Esquire Alex Campbell, of Eldorado,
Kans., formerly of this city, is in the
city and it is not improbable that he
will return to the city to live, in a
short while.

A. C. Shyer left for Cincinnati
Tuesday, and will be absent a week
or more, laying in a supply of clothing
and gen'tl's furnishings goods for
the Spring trade.

MARRIED.

At the Baptist church, Wednesday
afternoon, at 4:30 o'clock, Mr. M. A.
Snodgrass, of Martinsburg, West Va.,
to Miss Mary A. Campbell, of this
city, Rev. J. N. Prestridge officiating.
The attendants were Miss Lee Campbell,
and Mr. P. R. Harrison, of Chi-
cago, and Miss Sude Edmunds,
and Mr. Gue Moore, of Owensboro. The
ushers were Henry Stiles, Henry
Abernathy, Eliram Phelps and Frank
Cock. Mr. Snodgrass is engaged in
the drug business and ranks high
among the business men of Martins-
burg. His bride has always been
a favorite in social circles and is the
possessor of many lovable traits of
character that have endeared her to
all who knew her. The bridal pres-
ents were numerous and costly. The
happy pair left on the 5:10 train in
the afternoon for a trip to the east-
ern cities.

In Memory of Jimmie Lyle.

He has gone from our midst,
He has passed to the quiet tomb;
In all the flesh of his manhood days,
Untouched by sorrow's gloom.

He hangs on the pride of health,
And the glow of youth's fresh bloom,
And the earth has received to its bosom fit truly,
"Ashes to ashes and dust to dust."

Sleep on in peace, death's snowy bloom,
In the lonely field of the silent tomb;

The angels watch thy sleep from the vault
above.

The stars are bright and thy God is love.

Calm thy grief, fond parents
And remember the stroke
That took you Jimmie from you,
Was sent by our Father, God.

With weep bowed heads, and trusting hearts
Receive his comforting rod.

And ever look up through falling tears,
To the promise Christ has given,
The tie has loosened from earthly things
Are but binding you closer to heaven.

—W. A. McCORMICK.

CIRCUIT COURT NEWS.

Commonwealth vs. William Terrell,
col., malicious cutting. Dismissed.

Commonwealth vs. Milan Dunning,
cutting in sudden heat and passion.
Continued.

Com. vs. Ed. Bradshaw, col., violat-
ing Prohibition Law. Continued
and warrant of arrest issued against
R. H. White, principal witness.

Com. vs. Chas. Kimbrough, mur-
der. Set for 13th day of term.

Com. vs. Lawson and Forest
Cheatham, both colored, petit larceny,
Dismissed and prisoner ordered dis-
charged.

Same vs. Alex Jenkins, C. C. D. W.
Dismissed.

Same vs. Jack Wright, retailing.
Dismissed.

Same vs. Ben Truett and Lucy
Davenport, Fortification. Dismissed.

Same vs. Wm. Whity, Petit Lar-
ceny, 3 cases. Continued.

Same vs. Quaint Tyler, charged
with Grand Larceny. Trial by jury
and verdict of not guilty.

Same vs. Joe Barker, col., mal-
icious shooting and C. C. D. W. Trial
by jury and verdict of not guilty.

Same vs. Walter Weaver, C. C. D. W.
Trial by jury and verdict of
guilty and fine assessed at \$25 and
ten days in jail.

Same vs. G. H. Clark, Petit lar-
ceny. Dismissed.

Same vs. Wm. Henry, col., Petit
larceny. Trial by jury and verdict of
guilty and punishment fixed at 30
days at hard labor.

In this issue Mr. D. G. Wiley an-
nounces himself a candidate for
Sheriff, subject to the action of the
Republican party—election in Au-
gust 1888. Mr. Wiley is a gentleman
of large influence and a strong man
with his party and is going in to
win and will doubtless prove a for-
midable foe in the coming battle.

HERE AND THERE.

Candler's Stock Sale to-morrow.
Master Nelson Fugus has secured
a position with A. L. Wilson.

Ross Rogers represents the Mutual
Life Ins. Company of Kentucky.*
There is very little improvement
in the condition of the county roads.

HOPKINSVILLE, KY., Mich. 6, '88.
SEMI-WEEKLY SOUTH KENTUCKIAN:
You will please discontinue your
paper to me, and send in your ac-
count, and I will pay it off with
pleasure. Yours Truly,

F. W. BIGGERSTAFF.

This little act of supposed revenge
on the part of the Chief, was prob-
ably the result of a perusal of the ar-
ticle in the last issue of the Ken-
tuckian, which met with the ap-
proval from the business men of this
city and the like of which will be seen
in these columns from time to
time until a change is made. The
Chief will not be gratified to see the
Kentuckian go into insolvency as
he might wish, but on the other hand
there will be at least one enterprising
citizen in Hopkinsville who will take
his place. We know that the Chief
will read the Kentuckian, and had
he continued his subscription it
would have saved him the trouble of
getting the news from other readers of
the paper. It would have been a
better plan for the Chief to have
taken our suggestion and ascertained
what was needed and sought a remedy
for the busness men of Hopkins-
ville realize that a better police sys-
tem is needed and will not be satisfied
until something is done. We under-
stand that the police say that the
newspapers complain but do not
state what is needed. We will ask
the Chief, who is supposed to be an
experienced policeman, if he ever
knew, in a city that claimed a well-
regulated police system, of two po-
licemen walking the same beat to-
gether, or if such policemen are al-
lowed to stop and lean against a
lump post, or sit down on their beat
for an indefinite time together and
talk politics, or about the current
events. We will also ask him to
like to know why it requires two
police to meet passenger trains
when one could do more than is now
done by two, if he would only use
his authority and make the hackmen
stand out of the way. We hear an
enterprising business man say that
it looked very much like the police-
men made the passengers get out of
the way of the hackmen. You go to
Nashville or another city and such is
not the case, but hackmen are made
to stand at the edge of the platform
and if passengers want their services
they will always go to them. Mr.
Logsdon, late railroad agent, did all
he could to remedy this bad state
of affairs at the depot. He even put
down stumps as a boundary line to
which no attention is paid. And
Wharton, warning him to "look out"
for the poker and struck the
head which struck him another blow.

Hopkinsville, KY., Mich. 6, '88.
FRANKEL'S.
Last Tuesday night about 7 o'clock
W. L. Bradley met Dan Wharton,
at the house of Charles Green,
colored, near the water tank, and just
east of the old ice factory, and the
two became involved in a difficulty
in which hot words passed when
Wharton struck Bradley across the
face and again across the head with
a large rod of iron used as a poker,
breaking in the skull bone a length
of three inches, breaking his nose
apart from the skull bone and mashing
his cheek bone to a pulp. Bradley
fell unconscious and was removed
to his home, a few hundred yards
away and there lies in a precarious
condition. Wharton immediately
gave himself up to the proper au-
thorities and is in jail.

Bradley is the man who shot and
killed Robert Nelson, an L. N. &
Brake man, on the night of the 22nd
ult., and was out on bail, for his ap-
pearance at this term of the Circuit
Court answer the charge.

Wharton's statement of the affair
is about as follows: Bradley met
him the afternoon before and in-
formed him that he had particular
business with him, and at night they
met at Green's house, where Whar-
ton was assisting Green in getting
supper. Bradley remarked that
some one had told a d—n lie on him
at his (Bradley's) examining trial.
There being no response, Bradley
then said "you are the d—s—
that told a lie on me," and arose from
his chair, with his hands in his pockets,
saying "let's go" (alluding to his
pistol) never fails, she killed one
d—n—and she will kill another,"
and advanced upon Wharton, when
Wharton, warning him to "look out"
for the poker and struck the
head which struck him another blow.

Bradley's statement differs entirely
and is about as follows: Bradley
went to the house of Green to inform
a friend as to the whereabouts of
his friend's horse, and there met
Wharton. Wharton asserted that
Bradley had been lying on him in
stating and circulating a report that
(Wharton) had misrepresented the
facts at the examining trial, when he
was not examined as a witness. Bradley
replied that it was a lie, he had done
no such thing but that he owed him
money for building him a house and
had lied about paying him for it
and Wharton immediately gathered
a heavy iron poker and struck him
with it. He further states that he
had no idea of having a row with
Wharton when he met him.

From the statements given there
is such a conflict that it is yet uncer-
tain exactly how the affair started or
exactly what was the cause of it and
not until the trial comes up and all
the testimony is taken will all the
facts be known, probably. The at-
tending physician thinks Bradley's
chances for recovery are about
equally divided.

Go to any city and you will never
find but one policeman at a depot,
and when he gives a command some
attention is paid to it. The trouble
is our policemen have been so lenient
that loafers believe they will not assert
their authority, and hence do as they please.

Where there is a way, and there is no
use saying that these things can not
be done, for the evils are remedied
in other places and can be improved
in Hopkinsville when the necessary
efforts are put forth. We have nothing
against any of the police, but
Hopkinsville must be better protected,
and it is hoped the enterprising
citizens will combine to carry out
the result needed.

REVENGE IS SWEET.

THE POLICE DOWN ON THE
NEWSPAPERS.

Below we give a copy of a postal
card mailed to this office by the
Chief of Police, F. W. Biggerstaff:

HOPKINSVILLE, KY., Mich. 6, '88.
SEMI-WEEKLY SOUTH KENTUCKIAN:
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killed Robert Nelson, an L. N. &
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ult., and was out on bail, for his ap-
pearance at this term of the Circuit
Court answer the charge.

Wharton's statement of the affair
is about as follows: Bradley met
him the afternoon before and in-
formed him that he had particular
business with him, and at night they
met at Green's house, where Whar-
ton was assisting Green in getting
supper. Bradley remarked that
some one had told a d—n lie on him
at his (Bradley's) examining trial.
There being no response, Bradley
then said "you are the d—s—
that told a lie on me," and arose from
his chair, with his hands in his pockets,
saying "let's go" (alluding to his
pistol) never fails, she killed one
d—n—and she will kill another,"
and advanced upon Wharton, when
Wharton, warning him to "look out"
for the poker and struck the
head which struck him another blow.

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